

CURRENT AWARENESS SERVICE (CAS) FEBRUARY 2024

AUTONOMOUS TRANSPORT SYSTEMS



Prepared By:

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TOPIC OF CURRENT AWARENESS SERVICES@PUSTAKA FOR FEBRUARY: **AUTONOMOUS TRANSPORT SYSTEMS**

According to Lot One website, Autonomous transport systems provide unmanned, autonomous transfer of equipment, baggage, people, information or resources from point-to-point with minimal intervention. They can include the full range of transport vehicles, including trucks, buses, trains, metros, ships, and airplanes. They are most commonly deployed in controlled industries zones but are expected to soon be deployed in public areas with varying degrees of autonomy.

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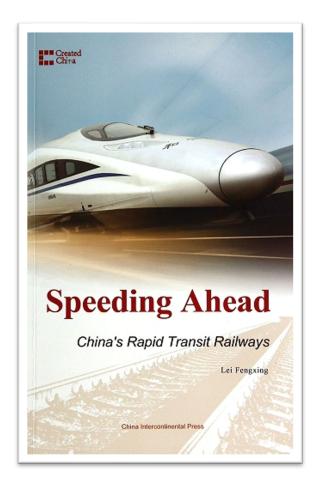
Sarawak ID online registration form



LIST OF RESOURCES ON AUTONOMOUS TRANSPORT SYSTEMS IN PUSTAKA'S COLLECTION

LIST OF BOOKS

Note: Kindly scan the QR Code for full text online.



Title : Speeding Ahead :

China's Rapid Transit

Railways

Author: Lei Fengxing

Publisher: China

Intercontinental Press

Call : 385.2095

Number

ISBN : 9787508527055

Location: Pustaka Negeri

Sarawak, Miri

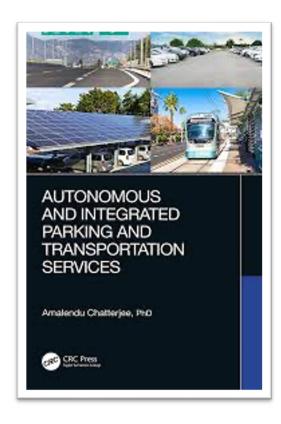
Format : Book

material



Description:

This book sets forth the historical background for the development of Chinas rapid transit railways and puts into order the endeavors of China in catching up with the worlds development trend for rapid transit railways



Title : Autonomous and

Integrated Parking and Transportation Services

Author : Amalendu Chatterjee

Publisher: CRC Press, Taylor &

Francis Group

Call : 388.474

Number

ISBN : 9780367180812

Location : Pustaka Negeri Sarawak

(Kuching)

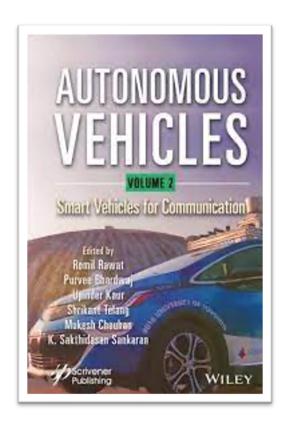
Format : Book

material



Description:

The book highlights currently available autonomous parking and transportation technologies, and the development of an integrated and intelligent transportation service/system (IITS) platform, with specific use of technologies to reconfigure the transportation industry. The author also suggests many regulatory and policy changes to simplify data collection, traffic operation, introduction of a duplicate transportation system using light rail (LRs) and high speed rail (SPRs), and redistribution of parking spaces along such routes, using renewable energy.



Title : Autonomous Vehicles

Volume 2 : Smart

Vehicles

Editor : Romil Rawat

Publisher : MA:Scrivener Publishing

Call : 388.312

Number

ISBN : 9781394152254

Location : Pustaka Negeri Sarawak

(Sibu)

Format : Book

material



Description:

The purpose of the book is to present the needs, designs, and applications of autonomous vehicles. The topics covered range from mechanical engineering to computer science engineering, both areas playing vital roles in programming, managing, generating alerts, and GPS position, artificial intelligence-based prediction of path and events, as well as other high-tech tools, are covered in this book, as well.

LIST OF ARTICLES

Note: Kindly scan the QR Code for full text online.

Title : Mapping technology roadblocks and opportunities

in the transportation revolution

Authors Amy Blitz and Khurram Kazi

: Emerald Insight Online Database

Format : e-Article

Mapping technology roadblocks and opportunities in the transportation revolution

Amy Blitz and Khurram Kazi

hen technological breakthroughs disrupt industries, organizational structures and hen technological breakthroughs disrupt industries, organizational structures and the broader macroeconomic environment they also generate opportunities for new business models. A paradigm shift toward "machine-to-machine services" is fast emerging, setting off a revolution in many areas including transportation. As an example, the advent of autonomous electric vehicles (AEV), piloted by artificial intelligence and serviced by other "intelligent" machines, poses vast implications for business strategy in many industries. Self-driving electric cars and trucks, which are expected to transform the transportation landscape over the next decade,[1] will likely produce changes in the economy similar to the effect of railroads in the 1800s or the automobile in the 1900s. Given the speed with which business leaders today must assess and react to the business risks and opportunities engendered by breakthrough technological change, their plans to navigate an AEV-based transportation future can benefit from a scenario map to the roadblocks and the richest prospects.

The future of autonomous vehicles: a case study in navigating breakthrough

As one major factor in a scenario exploration, smart machines are creating new market frontiers throughout the economy. A second factor, concerns about climate change, are intensifying demand for energy efficient road transport for people and freight, spurring interest in electric vehicles. Combining smart machines and electric vehicles, AEVs offer societal benefits such as reduced environmental impact, improved traffic flows and better time management by freeing people from driving. When expanded to trucking, business opportunities to transform ground transport in areas such as operations and supply chain management are significant as well, particularly with unsupervised AEVs, which could slash labor costs and transport times, while also addressing current and projected shortages of truck drivers.[2]

A key limitation facing AEVs, however, is in charging, specifically access to charging stations and the time required to recharge. Currently, about 80 percent of all recharging occurs in home garages using the existing power distribution infrastructure.[3] As innovations in AEVs continue, the power needed for recharging is increasing multi-fold, straining the existing grid. To overcome this, significant infrastructure enhancements will be needed to accommodate larger electric loads, [4] Moreover, while the number of charging stations continues to increase, these stations are concentrated in urban areas and along the coasts, limiting the range of AEVs beyond these areas. This is a significant challenge to the potential for long-distance AEV car travel and long-haul trucking

Amy Blitz is a professor of Economics and Strategy at Babson College (ablitz@ babson.edu). She has over 20 years of experience Khurram Kazi is a principal member of the technical staff at Draper Labs, where he works on R&D for autonomous spacecrafts, microgrids, optical networks, and integrated circuits (kkazi@ draper.com).

The authors would like to the Kirsten Sandberg, Editor-in-chief of the Blockchain Research Institute; Adam Kelsey, principal member of technical staff at Draper Lak Ravil Bikmetov, UNC Charlc M.A. Yasin Raja, Sr. Profess



Title : Intelligent and efficient? An empirical analysis of

human-Al collaboration for truck drivers in retail

logistics

Online Database Emerald Insight

Authors Dominic Loske and Matthias Klumpp

Format

The current issue and full text archive of this journal is available on Emerald Insight at:

IJLM

1356

Received 30 March 2020 Revised 16 September 2020 10 January 2021 24 February 2021 4 March 2021 Accepted 4 March 2021

Intelligent and efficient? An empirical analysis of human-AI collaboration for truck drivers in retail logistics

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Faculty of Business and Law, Universidad Católica San Antonio de Murcia, Murcia, Spain, and

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Institute for Logistics and Service Management, FOM University of Applied Sciences, Essen, Germany

Abstract

Purpose — Technological advances regarding artificial intelligence (AD are affecting the transport sector. Although fully autonomous delivery, or self-driving trucks, are not operating currently, various AI applications have become fixed components of cargo vehicles. Since many research approaches primarily concentrate on the technical aspects of assistance systems (ASs), the economic question of how to improve efficiency is seldom addressed. Therefore, the purpose of this paper is to apply an efficiency analysis to measure the performance of truck drivers supplying retail stores.

Design/methodology/approach — For this comparative study, 90 professional truck drivers in three groups are compared with (1) trucks without AS, (2) trucks with AS that cannot be turned off and (3) trucks with AS that can be turned off. First, we build a model investigating the impact of performance expectation, effort expectation, social influence and facilitating conditions on the behavioural intention to use AS. Second, we explore the impact of truck drivers behavioural intention to actual technology use, missuse and disuse; operationalize these constructs; and merge them with our behavioural constructs to create one econometric model.

Findings — The human—AI system was found to be the most efficient. Additionally, behavioural intention use ASs did not lead to actual usage in the AI-alone observation group, but did in the human—AI group, Several in-depth analyses showed that the AI-alone or purpor used AS at a higher level than the human—AI group, between the properties of transport logistical operations.

Research limitations/implications — Efficiency analysis with data envelopment analysis is, by design, limited by the applied input and output factors.

Originality/value — This study represents one of the first quantitative efficiency analyses of the impact of digitalization on transport performance (i.e. truck driver efficiency). Furthermore, we build an econometric model combining behavioural aspects with actual tec

Keywords Europe, Decision-making, Case study, Information technology, Retail logistics, Performance

Paper type Research paper

The authors thank the anonymous reviewers of this paper for the time and effort they put into reviewing this paper and improving its quality. Furthermore, we are grateful for the feedback we received through the virtual CSCMP European Research Seminar (ERS) on Logistics and SCM in 2020 where the initial idea of our research was presented.

Disclosure statement: No potential conflicts of interest were reported by the authors.



Title : Systematic analysis of driverless technologies

Authors : David John Edwards, Jahangir Akhtar, Iain Rillie,

Nicholas Chileshe, Joseph H.K. Lai, Chris J. Roberts,

Obuks Ejohwomu

Online Database : Emerald Insight

Format : e-Article

The current issue and full text archive of this journal is available on Emerald Insight at: https://www.emerald.com/insight/1726-0531.htm

JEDT 20,6

1388

Received 23 February 2021

Revised 4 March 2021 Accepted 4 March 2021

Systematic analysis of driverless technologies

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Department of Mechanical, Aerospace and Civil Engineering, The University of Manchester, Manchester, UK

Abstract

Purpose – The advent of Industry 4.0 has engendered opportunities for a coalescence of digital technologies that collectively enable driverless vehicles to operate during the construction and use of a highway. Yet, hitherto scant research has been conducted to review these collective developments and/or sample construction practitioner opinion on them. This study aims to present a systematic review of extant literature on the application of driverless technologies in civil engineering and in particular, the highways infrastructure sector and offers insight into the limitations of associated barriers to full adoption, namely, current technological development processes, legal deficiencies and societal concerns. In so doing, this work presents a vignette of contemporary developments augmented by a critical analysis from practitioners' perceptions.

Design/methodology/approach — A mixed philosophical methodological approach is adopted for this inductive research study. Interpretivism is used to critically analyse the literature and post-positivism to perform content analysis of the literature and synthesis of the discourse with practitioners. A total of 44 related papers published between 1998 and 2019 have been included in this study. Emergent themes identified from literature are then discussed in some further detail, namely, 1) automation and robotics; 2) case studies and simulations; and 3) safety and ergonomics). A focus group is then held with leading industrialists to discuss their experiences of advanced driverless technology applications in practice. Based upon a culmination of emergent evidence, a conceptual model of prevailing barriers is then developed to further elucidate upon the challenges facing the highways infrastructure sector.

Findings – Research into driverless technologies within the highways infrastructure sector has received relatively scant academic attention. Hitherto, most advancements made have stemmed from multidisciplinary teams consisting of engineering, information technology and social scientist researchers. There is insufficient supporting evidence of civil engineering and construction academics input into developments made – suggesting that prototype products often fail to adequately consider practical applications in the highways infrastructure sector at the design





Journal of Engineering, Design and Technology Vol. 20 No. 6, 2022 pp. 1388-1411 © Emerald Publishing Limited 1726-0531 DOI 10.1108/JEDT-02-2021-0101

LIST OF CASE STUDY

Note: Kindly scan the QR Code for full text online.

: Policy and Strategy Evaluation of Ridesharing Title

Autonomous Vehicle Operation: A London Case

Study

Authors : He-in Cheong, Jose Javier Escribano Macias, Renos

Karamani, Marc Stettler, Arnab Majumdar, and

Panagiotis Angeloudis

Online Database : Sage journal

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Research Article

Policy and Strategy Evaluation of Ridesharing Autonomous Vehicle **Operation: A London Case Study**

sagepub.com/journals-permissions DOI: 10.1177/03611981231160157

SSAGE

He-in Cheong 0, Jose Javier Escribano Macias 0, Renos Karamanis 0, Marc Stettler 0, Arnab Majumdar 0, and Panagiotis Angeloudis 0



To understand the dynamics of an autonomous ridesharing transport mode from the perspectives of different stakeholders, a single model of such a system is essential, because this will enable policymakers and companies involved in the manufacture and operation of shared autonomous vehicles (SAVs) to develop user-centered strategies. The model needs to be based on real data, network, and traffic information and applied to real cities and situations, particularly those with complex public transportation systems. In this paper, we propose a new agent-based model for SAV deployment that enables the parametric assessment of key performance indicators from the perspective of potential SAV users, vehicle manufacturers, operators, and local authorities. This has been applied to a case study of three regions in London: central, inner, and outer. The results show there is no linear correlation between an increased ridesharing acceptance level and average trip duration. Without a fleet rebalancing algorithm, over 80% of SAVs' energy expenditure is on picking up customers. By reducing pickup distance, SAVs could be a contender for a nonpersonal transportation system based on trip energy comparisons. The results provide a pic-ture of future SAV systems for potential users and offer suggestions as to how operators can devise an optimal transportation strategy beyond the question of fleet size and how policymakers can improve the overall transport network and reduce its environmental impact based on energy consumption. As a result of its flexibility and parametric capability, the model can be utilized to inform any local authority how SAV services could be deployed in any city.

perations, automated/autonomous/connected vehicles, planning and analysis, shared mobility, simulation modeling, public transportation, transportation network companies (TNCs)

Autonomous vehicles (AVs), connected autonomous vehicles (CAVs), and shared autonomous vehicles (SAVs), which are fully automated at level 5 of automation (according to the classification provided by the Society of Automotive Engineers) and fully electric, are thought to be a transformative technology that will address the high demand for transportation in cities. Furthermore, through the deployment of SAVs, high-density cities could reclaim curb space for uses other than increasing the number of parking spaces to accommodate personal vehicles. From the users' perspective, SAVs have the potential to provide more convenient and quicker journeys than public transportation, although likely at a higher cost.

Numerous models have been developed for under-

standing the interaction between autonomous ridesharing

scenarios and SAVs. However, as outlined by Levin et al. (1), many of these models are limited by their use of unrealistic scenarios, a congestion modeling approach, grid networks, links with same travel times, and/or very small nodes and fleet sizes. Therefore, new agent-based models employing case studies of real cities have emerged (1-6). However, the research on SAVs is piecemeal, with limited overlap of the findings, and a heavy focus on the perspective of the transportation network operators.

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Corresponding Author: Jose Javier Escribano Macias, jose.escribano-macias I I@imperial.ac.uk



LIST OF NEWSPAPER ARTICLE

Note: Kindly scan the QR Code for full text online.

: 'Autonomous transport tech is definitely coming' Article Name

: Sherouk Zakaria Dubai Authors

Newspaper : Arab News Date of Published : 14 Feb 2024 Online Database : PressReader







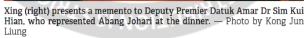


Article Name : China's Consul-General praises developments in

Sarawak under Premier Abang Johari

Newspaper : The Borneo Pos Date of Published : 3 Feb 2024 Online Database : PressReader





China's Consul-General praises developments in Sarawak under Premier Abang Johari



Article Name : Al-based Westwell to open global headquarters in

Authors Peggy Sito

South China Morning Post Newspaper

20 Feb 2024 Date of Published Online Database : PressReader

LOGISTICS

AI-based Westwell to open global headquarters in HK

Peggysito

scheduled for today, the new headquarters will be inaugurated by Westwell executives and the Secretary for 1 no vation.

Chinese artificial intelligence (Albert and the Secretary for 1 no vation, Technology and Industry Sun based logistics company-westwell budge and the United Secretary for 1 no vation, Technology and Industry Sun based logistics company-westwell unal broadquarters in Hong Kong as a springboard to global expansion.

The Shanghai-based combany-which designs and develops that works to draw high-potentially works lother which works to draw high-potentially works to draw high-potential and strategic enterprises to Westwell employed more than the collaborating with Hartchison of Drist Indiancy is automatically and the method in trades in the collaborating with Hartchison of Drist Indiancy is accompany and conducted extensive research into automatic development with the Port of the Hutchison of The Company also signed an agreement with the Port of the Hutchison of Drist Indiancy is a proportion of the Secretary for 1 no vation, Technology and Industry Callian Chempton (1 no vation) (1 no vation, Technology and Industry Callian Chempton (1 no vation) (1 no vation (1 no vation) (1 no vation (1 no vation) (1 no vation (1 no vation (1 no vation) (1 no vation (1 no vation) (1 no vation (1 no v

collaborating with Hutchison Portstointroduceits autonomous trucks at Thailand's Laem Chalang Port.



Article Name : GOING MOBILE: People with disabilities hope

autonomous cars deliver independence

Authors : Tony Leys
Newspaper : Baltimore Sun
Date of Published : 9 Feb 2024
Online Database : PressReader





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